I. Policy

University of Iowa departments that accept credit cards as a form of payment for goods and/or services must receive approval from the University Controller BEFORE purchasing, or contracting for purchase, any systems involved in processing credit card transactions. As a condition of approval, merchants must agree to comply with all requirements of the Payment Card Industry Data Security Standards, as well as the University specific controls outlined within this policy.

A. Who Should Know This Policy

Any individual with responsibilities for managing credit card transactions and those employees entrusted with handling or processing credit card information. This includes budget officers and systems managers.

II. Purpose

To establish guidelines and best practices for University entities engaging in the acceptance of credit cards. For the purpose of this policy, use of the term "credit cards" shall also include the acceptance of PIN-less debit cards bearing the logo of a credit card company, such as Visa or MasterCard. Only those units which have received approval from the University Controller will be permitted to accept credit cards for payment of goods or services.

The ability to accept credit cards comes with significant responsibilities to maintain cardholder security and to mitigate the risk of fraud. The University, and all of its merchants, have a fiduciary responsibility to protect customer credit card information, and thus must adhere to the strict security requirements established by the Payment Card Industry; or face significant financial penalties. It is also noteworthy that any compromise of cardholder information undermines public confidence in the University’s ability to maintain appropriate stewardship over entrusted confidential information. Lack of compliance in a single area of the University could jeopardize the University’s ability as a whole to accept payment cards. Therefore, all University of Iowa merchants MUST comply with this policy.

III. General Responsibilities

University entities interested in accepting credit cards are strongly encouraged to evaluate the business need for this payment method.

Collegiate/Auxiliary/Administrative Budget Officers must be aware of and authorize applications for new merchant accounts within their areas of responsibility. Credit card acceptance requires significant departmental administrative effort as well as associated technical and financial costs.
IV. Merchant Responsibilities

A. Payment Card Industry Data Security Standards

The Payment Card Industry Data Security Standards (PCI DSS) were originally developed through a collaborative effort by the credit card industry major card brands, MasterCard, Visa and others, as a set of technical and operational security requirements to protect sensitive credit card data. Today these standards are set by the PCI Security Standards Council (PCI SSC) and enforced by the payment card brands. These requirements MUST be followed by ALL entities that process, store or transmit cardholder data.

The University is committed to the protection of cardholder data; therefore it is MANDATORY that ALL University of Iowa merchant accounts comply with PCI DSS requirements, to ensure the protection of customer payment card data.

In addition, merchants are EXPLICITLY PROHIBITED from storing sensitive cardholder data on any University systems, including University servers, both local and those hosted off-site, as well as locally maintained systems, including databases, spreadsheets, email, imaging systems, and paper files.

Sensitive Cardholder Data includes:

- Full Credit Card/Personal Account Numbers (PAN)
- Security Codes (CVC2, CVV2, CID)
- PIN/PIN block
- Full Magnetic Stripe Data (most egregious violation of PCI DSS)

Should a merchant experience a security breach, the University’s credit card processor is authorized on behalf of the credit card companies to assess the merchant any fine levied by the card associations as well as the costs of forensic investigation, remediation, customer notification and re-issuance of cards. A single merchant breach may result in the elevation of merchant status to Level 1 (see Appendix B for merchant level definitions), which requires the merchant to pay for and submit to a third-party audit of the credit card processing environment. It should be noted that the University will not reimburse or share the cost of any expenses arising from the unintended exposure of cardholder data; expenses will be the responsibility of the breached merchant.

B. Validation of Merchant Compliance

All merchants are required to be compliant with PCI DSS, which is not a single event, but a continuous, ongoing process.
\textit{TrustKeeper PCI Compliance Management Portal:} ALL University credit card merchants are \textbf{required to use TrustKeeper}, a web-based compliance validation tool used by the University to track merchant compliance with PCI DSS. TrustKeeper is used by each merchant to complete Self-Assessment Questionnaires (SAQ), set up network vulnerability scanning, review compliance reports, and access other valuable compliance tools.

\textit{Self-Assessment Questionnaire:} ALL merchants are required to annually validate their compliance with PCI DSS by completing a Self-Assessment Questionnaire (SAQ) in TrustKeeper. There are five different versions of the SAQ; the appropriate version varies by merchant and is determined by the method used to process credit card transactions. \textit{(See Appendix C for processing methods and associated SAQ required)}

\textit{Attestation of Compliance:} At the end of each SAQ is the “Attestation of Compliance”. The Attestation is self-certification documentation that your department is eligible to perform and has actually performed a PCI DSS self-assessment. \textit{This final step of the annual SAQ must be executed by the departmental budget officer.}

\textit{Vulnerability Scans:} Merchants who are required to complete SAQ C or D must also configure TrustKeeper to perform Network Vulnerability Scans for any devices that are used to process, store or transmit credit card data. Scans are performed monthly and pass/fail results are displayed in TrustKeeper.

\textit{On-Site Periodic Review of Merchant Compliance:} All merchants are subject to an on-site review of merchant compliance practices and should be prepared to discuss their SAQ answers and how they are fulfilling the data security requirements. Reviews will be conducted by Treasury Operations in collaboration with the Information Security and Policy Office, which will periodically conduct an assessment of security controls in place to protect cardholder data when processing occurs over the University’s network. Reviews of these technology based implementations will include, but not be limited to, periodic network-based vulnerability scans.

\section{C. Costs/Fees}

Approved merchants are responsible for ALL costs associated with the equipment, setup, operations and maintenance of the merchant account.

1. Fees charged by credit card companies are calculated based on a variety of factors including the type of card presented by the consumer. To qualify for the best possible rate:
   
   - Make sure the settlement process is performed at the end of business each day (aka “Batching Out”). Note that some terminals and most software can be configured to perform this task automatically at a predetermined time of day. Settlement outside of the required time period may cause the transaction to be “downgraded” (meaning it does not qualify for a preferred rate because it is perceived as riskier).
• Perform/require address verification for each transaction (aka “AVS”). AVS verifies the numeric portions of a cardholder’s billing address. For example, if your customer provides an address of 1847 Hawkeye Drive, Iowa City, IA 52242, AVS will confirm with the credit card company the numbers 1847 and 52242. If the information does not match, it may cause the transaction to be downgraded or even declined.

• If possible, process card present transactions where the actual credit card is swiped rather than keyed manually.

2. Monthly statements of credit card processing activity and associated fees are available online at www.myclientline.net. Please note that individuals must enroll for a user account on the website and will need their merchant number and the University tax ID to complete the enrollment process.

V. New Merchant Accounts

It is strongly encouraged for University entities that wish to accept credit cards as a form of payment to first consult with their departmental budget officer and IT manager to determine if merchant card processing is warranted for business purposes. If the determination is to move forward with obtaining a merchant account, the entity must apply for merchant account privileges by completing the Request to Process Payment Cards form contained in the Payment Card Merchant Agreement document (see link in section VIII of this document). When the request form has been approved by the budget officer responsible for the unit initiating the request, the form will be routed to the University Controller for final approval (or denial).

Applications that have been approved by the University Controller will be forwarded to Treasury Operations, which is responsible for requesting new merchant accounts from the University’s credit card processor. Merchants MAY NOT set up their own banking relationships for payment card processing and revenue received from payment card sales must be deposited into a designated University bank account.

Treasury Operations negotiates all banking and card processing relationships on behalf of the ENTIRE University, leveraging discounts based on larger volumes and internal controls that are not available at the departmental level.

Merchants will automatically be setup to accept MasterCard, Visa and Discover.

A. Preferred Methods for Credit Card Processing

There are many different methods for processing credit card transactions. Due to PCI DSS requirements there are methods that the University strongly encourages over others. Methods that are preferable include:
1. **Hosted Pay Page**: The hosted pay page (HPP) is a gateway that is used with ecommerce websites, or websites where customers input their personal credit card information. This method is strictly used for transactions initiated on the Internet and is preferred because a link to the HPP is used on the ecommerce website and transparently redirects the customer to the HPP provider’s website. **The University strongly recommends the use of the eSelect Plus HPP since it is Payment Application Data Security Standards (PA DSS) compliant and provided by the University’s credit card processor.**

2. **Credit Card Terminal**: This is a separate machine, commonly associated with small to medium size merchant accounts, where a card can be “swiped” to transmit data for authorization of the transaction amount, as well as manual entry for Mail Order/Telephone Order (MOTO) transactions. This method requires a separate, dedicated phone line for the transmission of data to the University’s credit card processor.

3. **Virtual Terminal**: This is a web portal which functions similarly to a credit card terminal (see #2 listed above), however it is accessible from any computer with a connection to the Internet. This method is primarily used for MOTO transactions. **The University highly recommends the use of eSelect Plus as it is has been validated as compliant with PA DSS and is the Virtual Terminal application provided by the University’s credit card processor.**

Departments and units whose needs cannot be met through these pre-approved methods must provide business justification for use of a third party product and obtain approval from the University IT Security Officer and the University Controller before acquiring an alternative system. A written agreement acknowledging the service provider’s responsibility for the security of cardholder data will be required. Third party vendors must provide proof of PCI DSS/PA DSS compliance.

**B. Card Processing Requirements**

Before any new merchant can start accepting credit cards, the merchant must meet the following requirements:

1. All persons involved with the processing, accounting and reconciliation of credit card transactions must complete the following ICON training courses:
   a. Credit Card Policy Training
   b. Security Awareness Training

2. **PCI Compliance & TrustKeeper**
   a. Initial SAQ must be completed no later than 3 months after receiving approval to process credit cards.
   b. For merchants that require external vulnerability scans, scans must commence no later than 3 months after approval.
3. Merchant must sign up to access monthly credit card processing statements at www.myclientline.net. Statements are not mailed out to merchants.

VI. Established Merchant Accounts

A. Compliance with PCI DSS

Merchants must meet the following requirements or risk termination of merchant status:

1. All persons involved with the processing, accounting and reconciliation of credit card transactions must **ANNUALLY** complete the following ICON training courses:
   a. Credit Card Policy Training
   b. Security Awareness Training

2. Annual renewal of SAQ in TrustKeeper
   a. Make sure the SAQ completed is appropriate for the merchant’s method of processing credit card transactions. *(Guide to SAQ selection located in Appendix C)*
   b. Attestation of compliance, which is the last requirement of the SAQ, must be signed by the merchant’s departmental budget officer

3. If applicable, monitor monthly scan reports in TrustKeeper to ensure no vulnerabilities are discovered.

4. Merchants that lose PCI Compliance status, as evidenced in TrustKeeper will be given a reasonable amount of time, not to exceed 30 days, to resolve the issues that have caused the non-compliance. Merchants that have not corrected problems resulting in the non-compliant status within the allowed timeframe will be reported to the following individuals with the recommendation that merchant card processing privileges be terminated:
   b. University Controller
   c. Departmental Budget Officer

B. Changes to an Established Merchant Account

Any changes to an established merchant account must be requested using the *Payment Card Merchant Change/Termination Request* form (last page of Payment Card Merchant Agreement referenced in section VIII of this document).
Examples of changes include:

- Termination of account
- Change of MFK for credit card accounts receivable
- Change of MFK for credit card debits (fees, chargebacks, negative net sales)
- Change of merchant primary contact
- Change of technology used to process credit cards

Any change such as purchasing new software, hardware, selecting a new service provider must be approved by the University IT Security Officer and the University Controller.

VII. Best Practices

1. NEVER store sensitive cardholder data electronically on any University computer or server, including in spreadsheets or local databases. (PCI 3.2)

2. Customer receipts, merchant receipts, and other printed materials should NEVER display the full credit card number (aka Personal Account Number (PAN)). Only the last four digits of the account number should be visible (after the transaction has been successfully processed). (PCI 3.3)

3. NEVER e-mail or transmit sensitive cardholder data via unsecured messaging technologies. (PCI 4.2)

4. Restrict access to cardholder data to individuals with a business need-to-know. (PCI 7.1)

5. ALL credit card documentation must be treated as a cash equivalent and should be kept physically secured, such as in a locked safe or filing cabinet. (PCI 9.6)

6. ALL credit card documentation no longer needed for business or legal reasons must be destroyed in such a manner that the sensitive cardholder data cannot be reconstructed. Acceptable destruction methods include cross-cut shredding, incineration, or placement in a locked “to-be-shredded” container, like those serviced by outside third-party document destruction companies. (PCI 9.10)

7. ALL employees with access to sensitive cardholder data must review this security policy prior to processing or accessing any credit card data. (PCI 12.1)

8. ALL employees with access to cardholder data MUST complete the following ICON courses prior to processing or accessing any sensitive cardholder data; and complete these courses on an annual basis thereafter. (PCI 12.1.3)
   - Credit Card Policy Training
   - Security Awareness Training
9. Immediately report suspected or known security breaches as outlined by the following policies: (PCI 12.9)
   - Policy IT-06: IT Security Incident Escalation
     http://itsecurity.uiowa.edu/incidents/incidents.shtml
   - Policy IT-23: Computer Security Breach Notification Policy
     http://cio.uiowa.edu/policy/policy-notification.shtml

VIII. Important Links for Merchants

Payment Card Merchant Agreement – http://treasury.fo.uiowa.edu/forms/payment_card_merch_agree.pdf

TrustKeeper – https://login.trustwave.com (Login Required)

MyClientLine – https://www.myclientline.net (Login Required)


Preparing Credit Card eDeposits – http://treasury.fo.uiowa.edu/forms/ccard_edeposit_instruct.pdf

UI Cash Handling Desktop Procedures - http://afri.fo.uiowa.edu/cash-handling/cash-handling-deposits-policies-and-procedures
APPENDIX A: 12 REQUIREMENTS OF PCI DATA SECURITY STANDARDS

The list below constitutes a high level overview of the baseline technical and operational requirements designed to protect sensitive cardholder data. These requirements apply to all entities involved in payment card processing – any business or organization that processes, stores or transmits credit card transactions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Control Objectives</th>
<th>Requirements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Build and maintain a secure network</td>
<td>1. Install and maintain a firewall configuration to protect cardholder data&lt;br&gt;2. Do not use vendor-supplied defaults for system passwords and other security parameters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protect cardholder data</td>
<td>3. Protect stored cardholder data&lt;br&gt;4. Encrypt transmission of cardholder data across open, public networks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maintain a vulnerability management program</td>
<td>5. Use and regularly update anti-virus software&lt;br&gt;6. Develop and maintain secure systems and applications</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Implement strong access control measures</td>
<td>7. Restrict access to cardholder data by business need-to-know&lt;br&gt;8. Assign a unique ID to each person with computer access&lt;br&gt;9. Restrict physical access to cardholder data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Regularly monitor and test networks</td>
<td>10. Track and monitor all access to network resources and cardholder data&lt;br&gt;11. Regularly test security systems and processes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maintain an information security policy</td>
<td>12. Maintain a policy that addresses information security for all personnel</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**APPENDIX B: MERCHANT LEVELS DEFINED - COMPLIANCE VALIDATION REQUIREMENTS**

Validation requirements for credit card merchants based on annual transaction volume and payment channel.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level</th>
<th>Merchant Qualification Criteria (# of Transactions Processed)</th>
<th>Annual Reporting Requirement</th>
<th>External Vulnerability Scans</th>
<th>Implied Risk</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>&gt;6M Visa transactions annually (all payment channels); merchants elevated to Level 1 by Visa</td>
<td>• Report on Compliance (ROC) by a Qualified Security Assessor (QSA) • Attestation of Compliance (AOC) form</td>
<td>Quarterly by an Approved Scanning Vendor (ASV)</td>
<td>Highest</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Between 1M-6M Visa transactions annually (all channels)</td>
<td>• Annual SAQ • AOC</td>
<td>Quarterly ASV</td>
<td>High</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>20K up to 1M Visa e-commerce transactions annually</td>
<td>• Annual SAQ • AOC</td>
<td>Quarterly ASV</td>
<td>Medium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>&lt;20K Visa e-commerce &amp; up to 1M Visa transactions annually (all payment channels)</td>
<td>• Annual SAQ (recommended)*</td>
<td>Quarterly ASV (if applicable)*</td>
<td>Lowest</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Compliance validation requirements set by acquirer*
**APPENDIX C: SAQ & TRUSTKEEPER SCAN REQUIREMENTS**

Merchant guide to SAQ selection and external scanning requirements.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Processing Method</th>
<th>SAQ Form</th>
<th>TrustKeeper Scan</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>*eSelect Plus Hosted Pay Page (HPP)</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*Credit Card Processing Terminal (Dial Out connection)</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*eSelect Plus Virtual Terminal (VT)</td>
<td>C-VT</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*eSelect Plus HPP &amp; VT</td>
<td>C-VT</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ecommerce outsourced to a third-party website integrated with eSelect Plus (API or HPP)</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Third Party Gateway Integrated with University website</td>
<td>A**</td>
<td>No**</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Third Party Gateway for ecommerce with Virtual Terminal for on-site processing</td>
<td>C-VT**</td>
<td>No**</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credit Card Processing Terminal (IP-based connection)</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>eSelect Plus API Integrated with University website</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Point-of-Sale System with Integrated Credit Card Capture/Processing</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Preferred method recommended by the University

**PCI Documentation for the third-party service provider is required as follows:

For Level 1 service providers (processing over 300,000 transactions/yr, per Card Brand or more)?

a) Report on Compliance (ROC) issued by an qualified security assessor (QSA)

b) Attestation of compliance for service providers
   (https://www.pcisecuritystandards.org/documents/pci_dss_aoc_service_providers.doc)

c) Network scan issued to the service provider’s name by an ASV in the last 90 days.

For Level 2 service providers (processing under 300,000 transactions/yr, per Card Brand or more)?

a) Entire SAQ D (30 pages) with signature on attestation of compliance? We will accept your QSA version of the questionnaire however, you will need to complete and sign the Attestation of Compliance D (AOC) from the PCI council website, here:
   https://www.pcisecuritystandards.org/saq/index.shtml
   (https://www.pcisecuritystandards.org/documents/pci_dss_aoc_service_providers.doc)

b) Network scan issued to the service provider’s name by an approved scanning vendor (ASV) in the last 90 days (Executive Summary).